



A new ECORD in a new IODP:

New opportunities in sub-seafloor investigation



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To answer questions of fundamental scientific significance, urgent questions as to how society should manage the global environment and resources and questions related to major geological hazards

1. Climate and Ocean Change: Reading the Past, Informing the Future CO₂, Climate variability, Sea-level change, Ocean chemistry, Ocean acidification

2. Biosphere Frontiers: Deep Life, Biodiversity, and Environmental Forcing of

Ecosystems

Limits of Life, Deep Biosphere, Impact of Environmental and Chemical Changes on Ecosystems

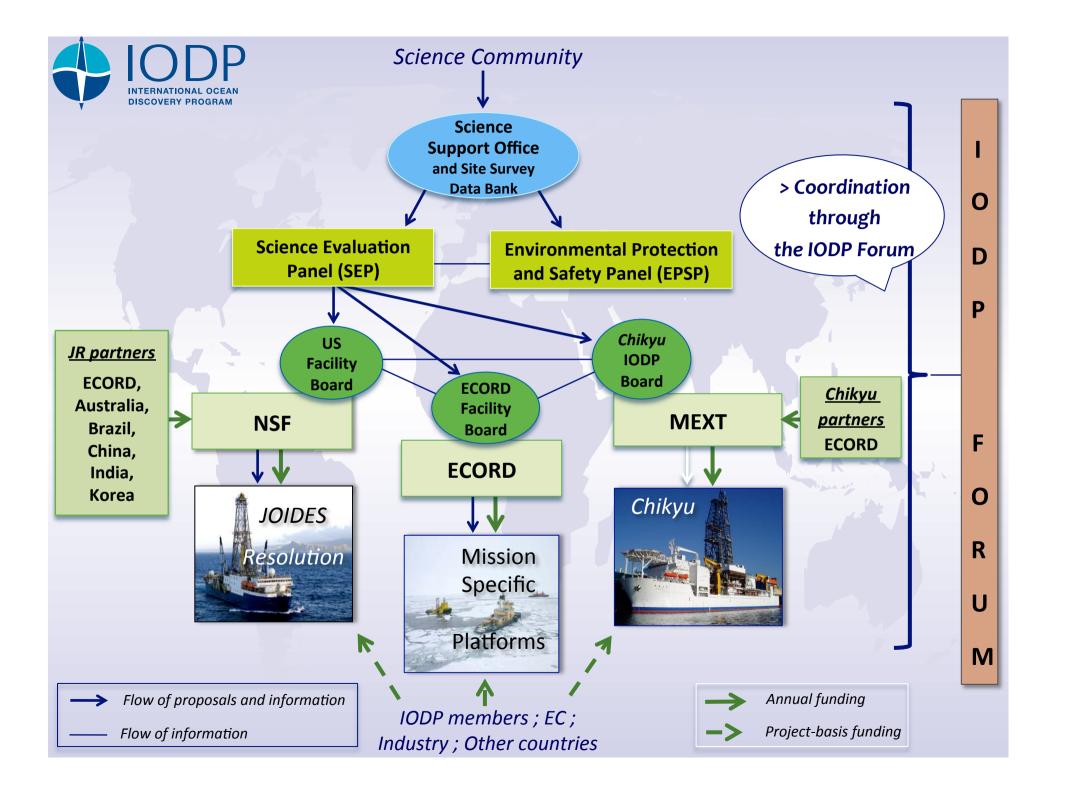
- 3. Earth Connections: Deep Processes and their Impact on Earth's Surface Environment
 Ocean crust formation, Subduction zones,
 Volcanic Arcs, Magmatic Processes at Ridges
- 4. Earth in Motion: Processes and Hazards on Human Time Scales

Illuminating Earth's
Past, Present, and Future

- > Societal relevance
- > Time scales, incl. human time scale
- > New scientific topics
- > Shared interests with other research programs (e.g., ocean observing initiatives, Past Global Changes, InterRidge, InterMARGINS, ICDP)

THE INTERNATIONAL OCEAN DISCOVERY PROGRAM EXPLORING THE EARTH UNDER THE SEA

Earthquakes, Landslides, Tsunamis, Fluid Flows, Carbon Storage

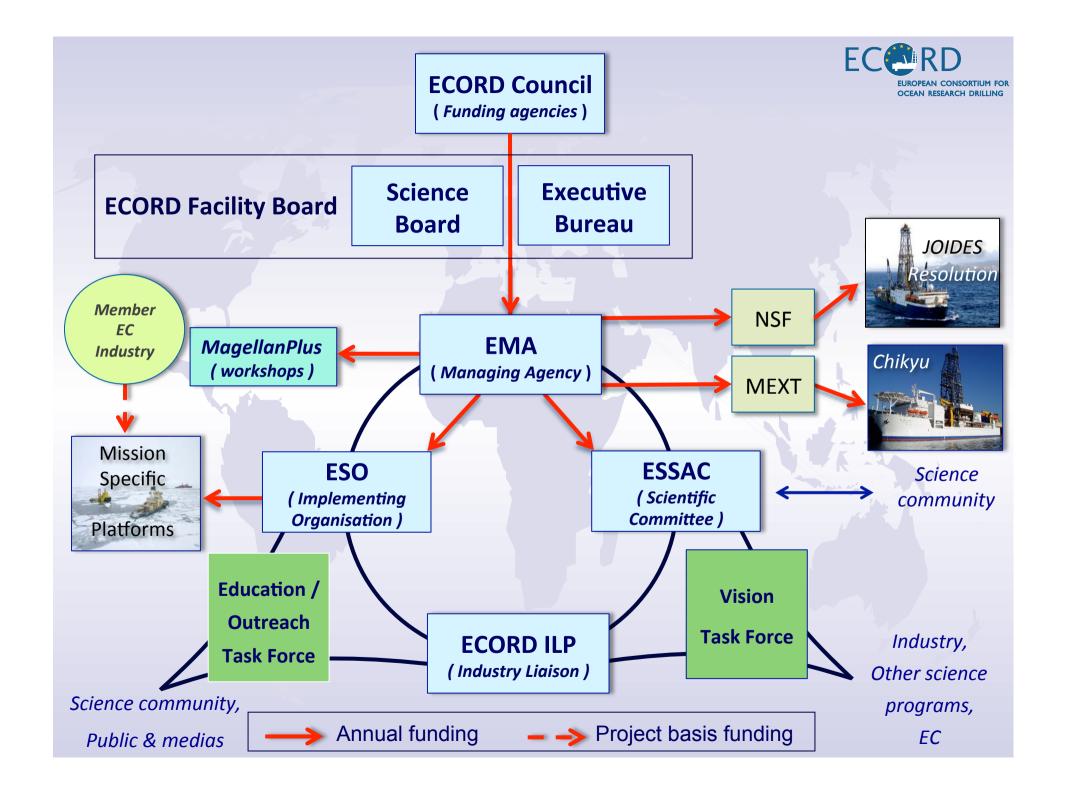


27 member countries: USA, Japan, ECORD (19 countries), China, S-Korea, India, Australia / New Zealand, Brazil **Potential** newcomers: Czech Republ. (ECORD) Russia (ECORD) Luxembourg

(ECORD)

Indonesia

Budget = ± 200-205 M\$.year -1





(\$US)

	(703)		
Austria		100,000	
Belgium		25,000	
Canada	> FY15	150,000	
Denmark	> FY16	170,000	
Finland	> FY18	80,000	
Germany		5,600,000	
Iceland	>FY14	30,000	
Ireland	>FY18	140,000	
Israel	> FY16	30,000	
Italy		400,000	
Netherlands	>FY18	500,000	
Norway	>FY18	1,100,000	
Portugal	>FY18	90,000	
Poland	>FY18	30,000	
Spain		?	
Sweden	>FY18	528,000	
Switzerland	>FY16	600,000	
UK	>FY18	4,080,000	
France	>FY18	5,200,000	
TOTAL		18,853,000	

- > Annual contributions : \$ 30,000 to \$ 5,600,000
- > 3 major contributors: 79 % of the ECORD budget
- > Potential newcomers
- > Additional project-based cash and in-kind contributions

Minimum ECORD budget: ~ US\$ 18.85 M (vs 19.858 to 21.2)

- ✓ ~9 10% of the IODP total budget
- ✓ 30% of scientists on expeditions and committees
- Science, Education, Outreach and Management: US\$ 1.25 M
- Fixed operational costs: US\$ 2.5 M
- Annual budget for JR and Chikyu operations: US\$ 8 M
- Annual budget available for MSP operations: US\$ 7.1 M
 (vs US\$ 3.06 to 4.4 M)
 - ✓ ~ 80% of the ECORD budget for operations
 - ✓ 38 57% increase in MSP operational budget

Fundamentals of the ECORD MoU



MSP expeditions

- ✓ ECORD is responsible for funding and implementing MSP operations for the International Ocean Discovery Program as an independent Platform Provider
- ✓ ECORD is aiming to fund and implement one MSP expedition per year on average for the International Ocean Discovery Program
- ✓ ECORD will also encourage and help proponents for MSP proposals to seek for additional funding sources on a project basis (e.g. EC, industry, increased contributions from ECORD and IODP members, foundation support, in-kind contributions)
- ✓ Mission-specific platforms might include specifically outfitted polar vessels, jack-up rigs, geotechnical vessels, seafloor drilling systems, long-piston coring, anchored barges and others, as determined by scientific priorities and operational efficiency

ECORD as a Platform Provider



The ECORD Science Operator (ESO) is an Implementing Organisation



Marine Geoscience Programme





Center for Marine Environmental Sciences



European **Petrophysics** Consortium







Geophysics & Borehole Research Group

Hydrodynamique en Forage

Angewandte Geophysik

to run Mission Specific Platform (MSP) Expeditions under the auspices of the IODP



Offshore











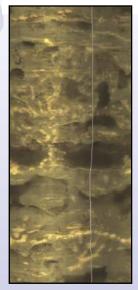


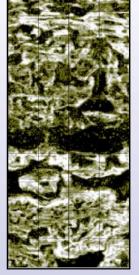














Active MSP proposals concern <u>diverse oceans and environments</u> (Atlantic, Pacific, Mediterranean, Arctic and Southern Ocean) and <u>various science topics</u> (e.g. climate change, ocean crust formation and hydrogeology, deep biosphere, geohazards)

16 Mission-Specific Platform proposals

(as of Oct. 1st, 2013)

Proposal ID	orm: category	Short Title		Lead Proponent	Stage
548	Full3	Chicxulub K-T Impact Crater	EC@RD	Morgan	FB
581	Full2	Late Pleistocene Coralgal Banks	BURDHAM COMMITTEN FOR OCEAN REMARCH DELLENS	Droxler	FB
637	Full2	New England Shelf Hydrogeology		Person	FB
680	Full	Bering Strait Climate Change		Fowell	SEP
708	Full	Central Arctic Paleoceanography	EC@RD	Stein	FB
716	Full2	Hawaiian Drowned Reefs	COMM RESEARCH DELLING	Webster	FB
730	Pre2	Sabine Bank Sea Level		Taylor	SEP
756	Pre	Arctic Ocean Exit Gateway	EC@RD	Jakobsson	SEP
758	Full2	Atlantis Massif Seafloor Processes	EC@RD	Früh-Green	FB
761	Pre	South Atlantic Bight Hydrogeology	BUILDING CONSCIENT FOR COLLEGE BUILDING	Wilson	SEP
796	Full	Ligurian Landslide	EC@RD	Kopf	SEP
806	Pre	Beaufort Gas Hydrate	BLEOFINE COMPOSITION FOR COMPANY DESCRIPTION	Paull	SEP
812	Pre	Ross Sea Glacial History		Wilson	SEP
813	Full	Antarctic Cenozoic Paleoclimate		Williams	FB
C	1 :- F FD				

Green: Listed in E-FB meeting agenda

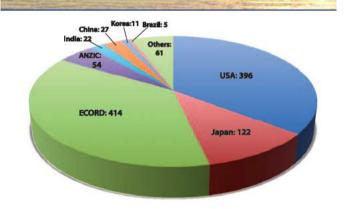
Multiple	Platform:			
750	Pre	Beringia Sea Level History	Polyak	SEP
797	Pre	Alaska Beaufort Margin	Ruppel	SEP





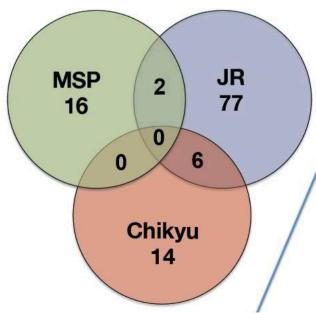






Geographic distribution of 1,126 proponents for 106 active proposals.







5 yrs MSP Operational Plan

ECORD is aiming to fund and implement one MSP expedition per year on average for IODP by adjusting the numbers of low, medium, and high-cost expeditions and creating new opportunities through external co-funding and in-kind contributions

FY14: no MSP expedition

FY15: Atlantis Massif Expedition (seabed drilling)

FY16: "Low cost" expedition (e.g. seabed, long piston coring)

FY17: "Low cost" expedition (e.g. seabed, long piston coring)

FY18: Arctic Expedition

Staffing: 10+ ECORD; 13 US and ass. memb.; 4 JPN; 1-3 co-funded projects (cash / in-kind) by ECORD members or ECORD « associated partners »

Co-Chief scientists not counted against participation levels on all IODP expeditions

ECORD's partnership



✓ ECORD will contribute

to the annual funding (US\$ 7 M)

of the JOIDES Resolution

> access to the JR for ECORD scientists: 8 ECORD's berths / JR exp

- ✓ ECORD will contribute to the funding of the Chikyu:
- Level of annual funding defined each year by the ECORD Council (US\$ 1 M min.)
- Potential project basis funding of a Chikyu expedition in European/Canadian waters (up to US\$ 10M)

> access to the Chikyu for ECORD scientists : 3+ ECORD's berth / Chikyu exp



JOIDES Resolution FY14 operation schedule

4 expeditions / yr for FY14 onwards



28 Jan – 30 Mar 2014: Expedition 349 - South China Sea CPP

30 Mar – 30 May 2014: Expedition 350 - Izu Bonin Mariana: Rear-arc

30 May – 30 Jul 2014: Expedition 351 - Izu Bonin Mariana: Arc Origins

30 Jul – 29 Sept 2014: Expedition 352 - Izu Bonin Mariana: Forearc

Crustal genesis and mantle evolution of the Izu-Bonin-Mariana (IBM) arc system

JOIDES Resolution FY15 operation schedule



29 Nov 2014 – 29 Jan 2015: Expedition 353 - Indian Monsoon

29 Jan – 31 Mar 2015 : Expedition 354 - Bengal Fan

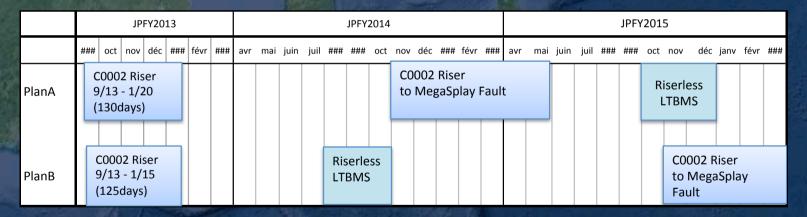
31 Mar – 31 May 2015: Expedition 355 - Arabian Sea CPP

31 Jul – 30 Sept 2015: Expedition 356 - Indonesian Throughflow

Climate variability, changes in monsoonal precipitation, erosion, and run-off across multiple time scales

Chikyu FY14 - FY15 operation schedule





5 months / yr for FY14 onwards

NanTroSEIZE Cooo2 Riser drilling down to Mega Splay Fault (5,200 mbsf)

Riserless drilling (LTBMS=Long Term Borehole Monitoring System)

Developing the concept of MSPs



Sea Floor Drills deployed from conventional R/V

MARUM – Bremen, Germany

MeBo-1 (75 m) MeBo-2 (200 m)



British Geological Survey – Edinburgh, UK











Long Piston coring

IPEV – Brest, France **IFREMER – Brest, France**

(35 to 50 m)



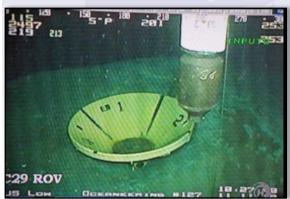
Developing and using new tools





Borehole observatories

P, T, fluid flows, sismicity, geochemistry, microbiology



Genius plus, MARUM



Necessary coordination with EMSO:



- sensors
- data transmission
- standards

In situ pressure sampling

Gas hydrates, Deep biosphere



HYACE rotary corer (TU Berlin, TU Clausthal, Univ. Cardiff, Fugro, Geotek)



DeepIsoBUGIsolation Chamber
Univ. Cardiff

High temperatures tools

Hydrothermal systems ISOR (Iceland GeoSurvey)



300°C natural gamma ray







300° borehole televiewer

Science

- ✓ New drilling/coring targets / scientific issues
- ✓ Services to the European Science community

Technology

- √ Technological development
- ✓ Sharing of experience and capabilities

Networking

- ✓ Stronger collaboration between:
 - research & operational groups across Europe
 - ECORD/IODP and other programmes (e.g. ICDP, IMAGES) and initiatives (e.g. EMSO)

Funding

- ✓ Optimise use of research vessels and sampling capabilities
- ✓ Cost efficiency for IODP MSP operations
- ✓ New opportunities for funding (national level, EC, partnership with industry, SMEs)

















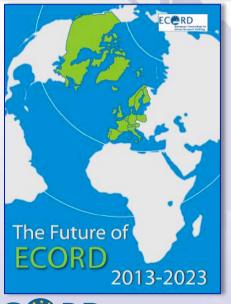


ECORD and IODP

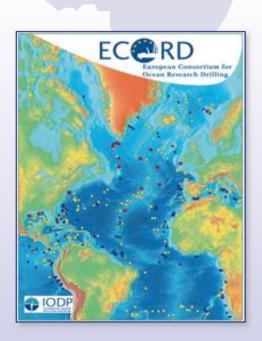
websites:

www.ecord.org

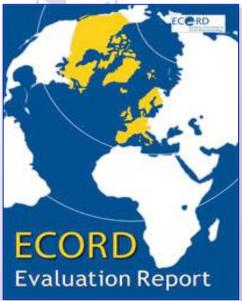
www.iodp.org



EUROPEAN CONSORTIUM FOR OCEAN RESEARCH DRILLING

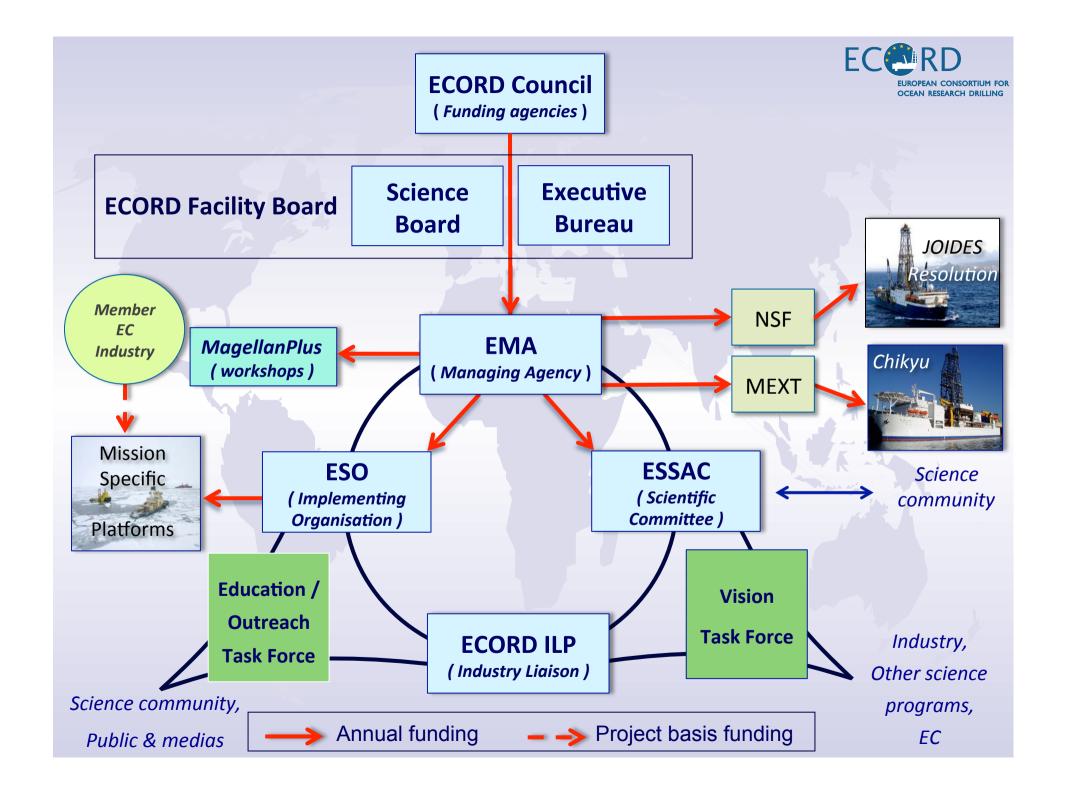








INDUSTRY LIAISON PANEL



ILP terms of reference -1

- Provide support and offering guidance to the academic community on the appropriateness of the programme for meeting industrial, and related scientific objectives.
- To identify within the emerging programme topics of interest to the industrial community and to suggest others that might be initiated by industrial members but developed jointly with academics;
- Facilitation of mutual communication and cooperative scientific activities between IODP and related industries, (petroleum, mining, technology-development and innovation, engineering etc) with the aim of benefiting deep-sea drilling science and technology.

ILP terms of reference -2

The ECORD ILP seeks to maximise economic benefits from sharing resources, such as manpower, the drilling of sites, the development of joint drilling and sampling technologies, core and data analysis, and improved downhole measurement and observatory capabilities.

Finally, the aim is to facilitate the development of joint academic and industry drilling proposals from the ECORD countries